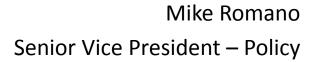
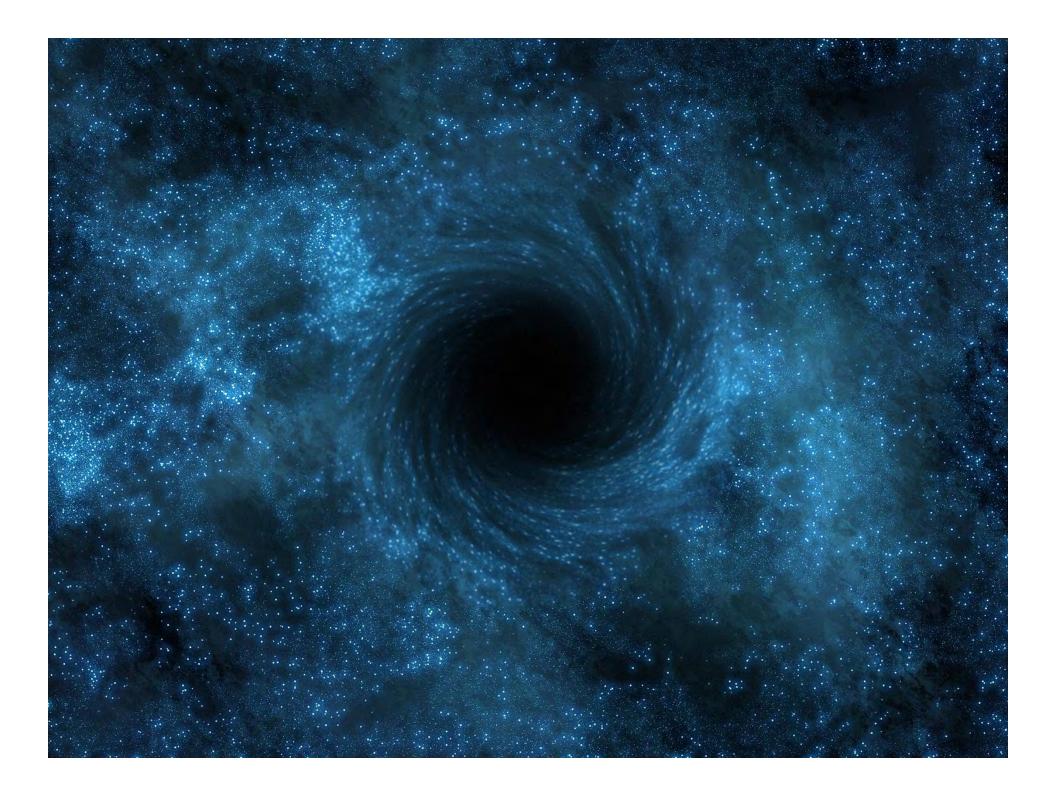


A View from Washington







The Rural Telecom Challenge(s) in DC

- We face two simultaneous policy debates that present very different issues but demand equal levels of attention
 - Uncertainty and harm from the 2011 Order and FNPRM
 - Uncertainty and harm from what was broken and hasn't been fixed
- The former has gotten much focus, and understandably so
- The latter hasn't gotten nearly enough attention, but it's key to making rural telecom viable for decades to come
- We lose if our fight is about "preservation" even if we win!
 - Legacy systems are not built for current and future challenges
 - We must show telcos embrace innovation, change, and an IP-enabled future



In Short, We Need to Look Both Ways





Categories of Harm and Uncertainty

- Four Types of Concern Cause <u>Every Telco</u> to be Affected in Some Way, and They Require Us to Look Both Ways for Fixes
 - Near-term Harm flash-cut losses of support grievous for some
 - Loss of SNA support; \$250 and QRA caps
 - Long-term Harm Transitions may be OK, but destination bad
 - Effect of bill-and-keep on cash flows; unsubsidized competition
 - Near-term Uncertainty ever-shifting caps; implementation chaos
 - Who is next to fall to QRA? What reports are due when?
 - Long-term Uncertainty FNPRM as "other shoe to drop;" retroactivity; IP evolution
 - Extend QRA? RoR represcription? ICC and interconnection?
 - When will FCC get to things that were already broken and NOT fixed?



Effects of Harm and Uncertainty

Iowa Survey (Sept. 2012)

 Nearly 80% of Iowa telcos delayed or canceled plans for fiber deployment due to FCC reforms

Wisconsin Survey (Oct. 2012)

 50% of Wisconsin telcos delayed or canceled plans for fiber deployment due to FCC reforms

NTCA Survey (Jan. 2013)

- Nearly 70% of responding NTCA members (over 100 companies) postponed or canceled network upgrades due to uncertainty from FCC reforms
- Aggregate impact of affected projects = \$492.7M



Effects of Harm and Uncertainty (cont.)

- Rural Utilities Service (Feb. 2013)
 - Loan demand dropped to 37% of total appropriated amount in FY2012
 - Specifically cited regulatory uncertainty as rationale
- CoBank (per Balhoff & Williams June 2013)
 - Reported no 2012 loans for telecom network improvements
- RTFC (Aug. 2011)
 - Indicated ability to lend "challenged" by FCC proposals (some since adopted)
- Hudson Institute Study (Oct. 2011)
 - Estimated rural telcos contribute \$14.5B to state economies, but that anticipated reforms would lead to increased prices and/or reduced investment
- Wichita State Kansas Study (July 2011)
 - Estimated \$143M in USF cuts = \$51M in lost jobs/wages + reduced investment
- Wichita State Iowa Study (June 2013)
 - \$47M in USF cuts = \$25.8M in lost jobs/wages + reduced investment



Looking "Backward" – Fixing the FCC's 2011 Order and FNPRM

A successful man is one who can lay a firm foundation with the bricks others have thrown at him.

-- David Brinkley



Looking "Backward" (cont.)

- Building Block Approach to Fixing Things Broken in 2011
- 2012 Caps Order Delayed but Sustained Harms
 - From net \$55M to net \$10M shortfall; 280 to 110 carriers harmed
- Multiple Orders on Reconsideration from 2011 to 2013
 - First Recon: Delayed bill-and-keep for CMRS
 - Third Recon: Delayed reporting requirements; more flexibility on rate floor
 - <u>Fifth Recon</u>: Rationalized financial reporting obligations; modified waiver standard; relaxed waiver process (somewhat)
 - Sixth Recon: Combined QRA caps; extended phase-in and backstop; required staff to address predictability; contained helpful language re: FNPRM
 - <u>"Sixth and a Half" Recon</u>: Extended phase-in and backstop again; gets FCC to admit maps/data are a roadblock to rationalizing QRA caps



Looking "Backward" (cont.)

Political Oversight and Activity – "Surround Sound"

Congressional letters to FCC regarding caps and waivers; Hearing questions;
 Hill Briefings; Testimony of Shirley Bloomfield and John Strode (Ritter) at wireline hearings

Court Appeals

Retroactive caps; Bill and Keep; Unrecoverable costs/unfunded mandates

Reconsideration of multiple issues

 Safety Net; Unfunded mandates; Reporting requirements; Phantom traffic and VoIP traffic clarifications; Rate Floors; More Fixes (or Better?) to Come on QRA

Sort out compliance, reporting, and implementation issues

Study Area Maps; 5-Year Plans; Remote Areas; Unsubsidized Competition

GAO Study and FCC Staff Report – "Settling the Dust"

Restore some sanity to evaluation of further cuts through FNPRM?



Looking "Backward" (cont.)

 So Why Only a Building Block Approach? Why Only a Step at a Time in Face of Near-Term Harm and Uncertainty?

- NCTA \$24.2M

- AT&T \$23.6M

Comcast \$22M

– Verizon \$18.7M

- CTIA \$14.1M

– USTA \$7.1M

- CompTel \$775,000

- NTCA \$710,000

- *OPASTCO* \$180,000

- WTA \$150,000



^{*2012} Reported Lobbying Expenditures

Looking Forward – Focus on What Needs to Come Next

- "Preservation" is a Fruitless Message It Falls on Deaf Ears, and Wouldn't Do Us Any Good Even if We "Won."
 - Telephone vs. Broadband
 - Rural "Growth" Factor
 - Competitive Pressures
- Take Stock of Trends: Retail Switched Access Lines / Mobile
 Subscriptions / Interconnected VoIP Subscriptions, 2008-2011
 - 141M / 261M / 22M (Dec. 2008)
 - 127M / 274M / 26M (Dec. 2009)
 - 118M / 285M / 32M (Dec. 2010)
 - 106M / 298M / 37M (Dec. 2011)
- Fix the System to Support What Customers Want!



A New World of Political Realities Too

- 1990 first time more than 50% of Americans live in metro areas > 1 million
- o 1994 first time suburban representatives occupy top 5 positions in U.S. House
- o 1996 only 76 of 435 Congressional Districts are rural
- o 2001 Census reveals . . . we are a suburban nation

Today

- Metropolitan Los Angeles alone has the same congressional representation as KS, MT, MN, NE, ND, SD, and WY <u>combined</u>
- Closer to home, urban and rural differences can manifest as well
 - Houston, Dallas, San Antonio, Austin Approx. 16 to 20+ districts depending on how one wants to slice things



We Must Recognize the Interests of Our Audience and Adapt

•Tom Wheeler, Nominee for FCC Chairman

- "As the number of subscribers on the PSTN falls, the cost per remaining customer increases and the overall burden of maintaining the PSTN becomes untenable. A fast transition can generate significant economic activity and at the same time lower the total cost."
- "The Communications Act and its enforcer the FCC are <u>analog legacies in a digital world</u>. Of course, there will remain jurisdiction in areas such as the Universal Service Fund, . . . but . . . the regulation of marketplace behavior that has characterized telecom regulation for almost a century is headed towards the same fate as the dial tone another fatality of digital zeroes and ones."

Mignon Clyburn, FCC Commissioner

•"[T]he unanimously approved bipartisan effort determined that certain reforms were needed to ensure that carriers were not only incentivized to invest in broadband networks, <u>but to do so efficiently and effectively</u>."

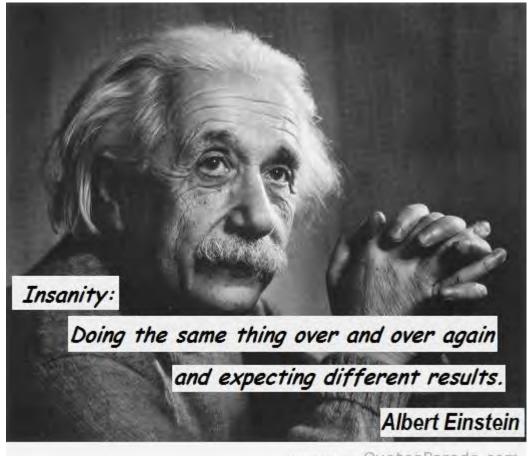
Ajit Pai, FCC Commissioner

• "It's time for the Commission to start moving forward with a Connect America Fund for rate-of-return carriers. This step would recognize that . . . direct support for broadband-capable facilities, within the budget established by the USF Transformation Order, is critical."

Jessica Rosenworcel, FCC Commissioner

• "A little over a year ago, the [FCC] took historic efforts to update its high-cost [USF/ICC] system. I commend my colleagues for this effort. They refocused the fund from last century's technology . . .; they put it on a budget; they increased accountability throughout."









- We cannot ignore lobbying power, market dynamics, or policymakers' predispositions in considering what happens next
 - These factors must inform the focus, structure, and tactics of the industry's action plan, even if our core objectives of course remain the same
- The Rural Telecom industry is making strides toward its goals
 - Many challenges remain, so we need to keep looking both ways
 - Recent recon orders reflect some progress of looking "backward" value of continuing dialogue and staying at the table – even as court case continues
 - But <u>looking forward</u> is key too
 - As with looking backward, we need to think of building blocks plan "several plays ahead" to where industry needs to be years from now



Looking Forward, We Need to Aim for This!





- We Must Develop a Targeted Connect America Fund (CAF) and Build a Broadband Future for Telco Consumers
 - Broadband-Based Support
 - Middle Mile Support
 - Interconnection in an IP World
- We can't just tinker around with legacy mechanisms and on the other hand, we need to keep changes simple and straightforward
 - Pros and Cons of "RLEC Plan"
 - Targeting is key focus on cutting to the chase and setting up options
 - NTCA's IP Evolution Petition teed this up; FCC is now digging deeper and expressing real interest in Public Notices and meetings



Broadband-Based Support

- Solve for access line loss and Rural Growth Factor problems
- Break tether to last century's services; meet shifting consumer preferences
- Simple/straightforward rule changes enabling recovery of actual costs
- But options are key not "one-size-fits-all" Model-Based?

Middle Mile Support

- Solve for shifts in network demands and ICC declines
- Meet consumer demands for greater bandwidth

Interconnection in an IP World

- Promote universal service/connectivity as technologies evolve
- Address Quality-of-Service concerns/needs
- Provide certainty through "rules of the road," even if somewhat different from what came before



Contribution Reform

- Another "forward-looking item" that is necessary for sustainability of universal service
- Should have been the first FCC action as it would have avoided the need for such drastic grasps on the distribution side
- All providers of interstate communications should contribute, including those that provide the following:
 - Text messaging
 - One-way VoIP (e.g., Skype)
 - Any retail broadband Internet access service
- Unfortunately, the FCC "blinked" and we're still trying to get the engines restarted . . .



Rural Call Completion

- Another element of sustainability in an IP-evolved era
 - The "canary in the coal mine"
- NTCA first teed this issue up to FCC staff in January 2011 and has kept at it since then every month
- FCC has NPRM pending to collect data; enforcement has occurred, but slow-going and insufficient
- Order may not be answer, but could be key to the solution if done right . . .



How Do I Help Look Both Ways?

- Some things might change, although maybe not the way everyone would like . . .
- Nothing in Washington, DC Happens in "One Fell Swoop" Stalemate is the Rule, Incremental Progress is the Exception
 - Need for sustained "Surround Sound"
 - Unified Front the compelling value proposition of the NTCA/OPASTCO unification is the ability to get more attention in more places and to apply more resources (strategic and financial) to finding solutions
 - Building Blocks e.g., Price Cap Model? Years in making; years in delivering

• The 3 Key Takeaways:

- We need to focus not just on what happened, but what comes next putting things "back the way they were" doesn't position you for the long-run
- Don't expect to change things overnight take a step at a time getting there
- You need to be engaged as the messengers of your own story



How Do I Help Look Both Ways? (Cont.)

- "Surround Sound" Advocacy
 - Congress
 - USDA and RUS
 - White House Rural Council
 - White House Ofc. of Science & Technology Policy
 - NTIA
 - Office of Management and Budget
 - Third Party Outreach
 - States/NARUC
 - Local and national press outlets

Rural stakeholders must stay engaged in all respects!

- Grassroots efforts fly-ins; at-home visits
- Economic studies and white papers make the business case



Conclusion

- Times have changed, and our tactics must adapt too.
 - This is not the Congress of 1996 in political tone or rural demographics.
- We need to look both ways stabilize the ground, but don't just fight the last battle.
 - The IP Evolution Outcome will define the next 20-30 years of rural telecom
 - It's not a fight that will be won overnight or all at once
- You need to help with "Surround Sound" we need you to make clear you are small business innovators who can contribute to the country's success if given the right tools and platform.
- At every turn, we need to underscore fundamental importance of affordable, reliable, robust connectivity – whether in IPevolved environments or on TDM-based long distance calls.
 - Make the Business Case for Rural Telecom!



Conclusion

Even if you're on the right track, you'll get run over if you just sit there.

-- Will Rogers

